

MISS ABSENT.

Philipsen's Testimony Seems to Have Made Him Ill.

Mr. Hanley Had Some Dealings with Philipsen, Too.

Lawyer Dunn Also Had Some Influence in the Matter of Market Stands.

For the first time since the beginning of the investigation by the Commissioners of Accounts into the allotment of stands in the new West Washington Market Chief Clerk Graham McAdam, of the Market Bureau, was absent this morning.

He has been a constant attendant at the sessions of the Commissioners, and has been greatly worn and worried by the proceedings, which were continually threatening an attack upon his good name and the good name of his associates in the Bureau.

After the revelations of Tuesday's session, when testimony was given to the effect that Charles Philipsen had paid Mr. McAdam \$5,000 for stand privileges, the latter's health is reported to have given way, and he has taken to his bed, where he now is, at his residence, 308 West Twentieth street.

John H. Hanley, of the firm of J. H. Hanley & Co., a member of which is George Hanley, his brother, was the witness this morning.

He testified that the firm had three stands in the old market and was allotted five in the new. They were first located in Grace avenue and desired a different location.

Charles Philipsen offered his services to move the change and went with the witness to the Market Bureau. They met Chief Clerk McAdam, but he was busy and they had no opportunity to consult with him.

Witness said that after this he dropped Philipsen and enlisted the services of Lawyer James Dunn, of the Stewart Building, in his behalf.

Mr. Dunn saw Supt. Kelso and the change of location desired was effected.

Mr. Hanley stated positively that he had paid nothing to anyone, not even his lawyer for this change.

When, however, he was asked if his brother had paid anything for this service, or had ever talked with him concerning the payment of money, the witness's memory, therefore, was good, because he remembered that he "thought" and "guessed" and "couldn't remember."

He did remember, however, that he had a conversation with Philipsen regarding the payment of money for stands, but he could not recollect the details or drift of the talk.

Mr. Condit here presented to the Commissioners a letter from the firm of J. H. Hanley & Co., dated March 14, 1889, and a certificate from his physician, Dr. Henry V. Wildman, regarding his condition.

The letter was addressed to the Commissioners, and was signed by George Hanley, brother of John H. Hanley, and was to the effect that he desired to testify and wish to attend before the Commissioners, but that he was unable to do so because of his illness.

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ANNIE GOES BACK ON EAMES.

SHE IDENTIFIES A LETTER HE WROTE HER WHILE SHE WAS IN JAIL.

Strong Charge Against the Husband in Brooklyn's Notorious Suit—Gen. Catlin Says Eames Conspired for Years to Get Rid of His Wife or to Ruin Her Reputation.

Mrs. Emma L. Eames's suit against her husband, Frank M., for absolute divorce, was continued this morning before a large audience in Judge Pratt's part of the Brooklyn Circuit Court.

Gen. Catlin, who is the plaintiff's counsel, recalled Anne Scriven to the stand.

Annie swore that while she was confined in Raymond Street Jail she received a letter from Frank Eames cautioning her not to open her mouth about the case, and also requesting her to let him know if there was any one he could get to give bail for her release.

"You know my signature, 'E,'" he concluded, "and don't see any one who does not bring a note from me."

The letter was shown and identified by the girl. Gen. Catlin then asked Miss Scriven if she knew Mr. Chamberlain, and when asked what that question was intended for, said he intended to show that for several years past Eames had been conspiring to get rid of his wife.

"I also wish to show," he said, "that this Anne Scriven, Annie Scriven and Kitty Hoy, were in Eames's employ as spies."

He said that their evidence was given in the former trial through Eames's coercion and influence.

"Long before these girls came to live in Eames's house," continued the lawyer, "he conspired to get rid of his wife, and in order to do so he attempted to get these girls in his power."

"Then he wanted to introduce this man Chamberlain into the house and have him caught in a compromising position with Mrs. Eames."

To this the Counselor Wernberg objected, Justice Pratt sustaining him.

Annie then continued that she made her confession in jail. This was before she had seen Kitty Hoy. She did not see her until they were both arraigned in Justice Walsh's court on a charge of perjury.

Annie's confession, she said, was made in the presence of the jail warden, Alonzo Bryner, Mrs. Bingham, the detective, and Mr. Wells.

Gen. Catlin wanted to introduce the pleading in the former suit brought by Eames, but the defendant's counsel's objection was sustained by the Court.

This closed the plaintiff's production of evidence, and Mr. Wernberg began his opening.

DEATH ENDS HIS FATE.

The Hagen Forger Passes Away After Twenty-Six Days Without Food.

RECEIVED TO THE EVENING WORLD: MACON, Ga., March 14.—John L. Adams, the forger, passed his twenty-seventh day of fasting at 8 o'clock last night.

He was reduced to the lowest state at which it was possible for a human being to live, but at 10 o'clock Dr. Moore announced that he would be able to live through until morning.

The lights were extinguished save one, by which the forger's mother watched the ebbing life of her son.

At about 11:30 Adams was in a deep sleep, but almost motionless. Suddenly a slight increase of rigor was noticeable, there was a struggle and the stillness of death was again restored.

Adams died with the idea that he had offered his life as an atonement for his sins. He had rejected the idea of suicide by violent means.

The \$10,000 life insurance money will now become the bone of contention among the dead man's creditors.

WHERE IS EDWARD ZINK?

His Mother Has Not Heard From Him Since Last July.

The Widow Zink sent her only child, a son named Edward, aged sixteen years, to a small town in the northern part of this State two years ago on account of his health. He wrote to her regularly until July last.

Since then she has not heard from him. He is not at his former address and she does not know what has become of him.

She called at the office of THE EVENING WORLD to-day and requested the insertion of a notice of his absence.

"Say," she requested, "that I am dying with a broken heart because of his absence. Tell him if he sees this to come back to me for God's sake. I don't know how he can stay away from me, and I don't know how he can be so far from me."

She thinks he may be in Rochester, N. Y. Her address is 2369 Eighth avenue.

LAWYER STECKLER'S PLEA.

THANKFUL THAT "THE EVENING WORLD'S" BILL WILL SOON BE A LAW.

In the Essex Market Police Court this morning Charles Steckler appeared as counsel for Augusta Kanf, who is accused of having beaten Minnie Hill, a child of eleven years.

Despite Mr. Steckler's objections, the child was committed to the care of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, instead of to her father, and as the Court so decided, Mr. Steckler remarked: "Thank God in a few days THE EVENING WORLD'S bill will become a law. Then a father will have a right to his child."

THE ENGINEERS RESPONSIBLE.

THUR AND HALEY HELD TO ANSWER FOR HARTFORD'S HOTEL HORROR.

(RECEIVED TO THE EVENING WORLD.) HARTFORD, Conn., March 14.—Coroner Perry to-day filed his finding in the matter of the Park Central Hotel disaster of Feb. 18, when twenty-three persons were killed.

He says the explosion could not have occurred if the safety valve had not been fastened, and he is forced to the conclusion that the accident was caused by the wilful negligence of Alexander Thuer and Amos Riley, the engineers.

These two men have been bound over to the Superior Court on the charge of manslaughter.

WATCH AND CHAIN GONE.

Mrs. Daily Missed Them After the Fire Was Put Out.

A fire occurred early this morning in the apartments of Mrs. Flattie Daily in the three-story brick house, 1097 Bedford avenue, Brooklyn. When Mrs. Daily went to straighten out things after the firemen had left she discovered that a gold watch and chain had been taken from a bureau drawer.

The police and Fire Marshal Lewis are making a thorough investigation.

Anonymous Anti-Irish Flag Cranks.

Circulars are being issued from some unknown source in this city, calling upon citizens to attend to the meeting in Union Square Saturday evening to protest against the Irish flag being raised on the City Hall on St. Patrick's Day.

Secretary Du Burns, of the Park Board, says no permit has been given or granted for such a meeting, and that it cannot be held without one.

Six Months for a Policy Man.

Edward Swartz pleaded guilty in General Sessions this morning to three indictments for policy gambling, and Judge Cowing gave him six months in the penitentiary.

A SWINDLER NABBED.

Mr. Trowbridge's Oily Methods of Gathering in Thousands.

He Operated in Both This Country and in Europe.

He Comes of a Good Family, Which Keenly Feels His Disgrace.

Edward Trowbridge, a well-dressed, fine-looking man of thirty-eight years, was arraigned before Justice O'Reilly, in the Jefferson Market Police Court this morning, charged with uttering worthless checks.

Rollis M. Thomas of the firm of Shaw & Thomas, produce merchants at 74 Warren street, was the complainant.

Trowbridge was held in \$1,000 bail for examination next Wednesday.

From all appearances this man is a most accomplished swindler. He is attractive in appearance, polished in manner and has a very oily tongue. He was formerly an ink manufacturer at 94 William street.

His relatives are very well connected and wealthy. The rich Trowbridges of New Haven are said to be near relations of his.

His first exploit was in last May. He took passage on a Cunarder with Edward N. Freshman, of the Marden Remedy Company, 19 Park place. Freshman was slightly acquainted with a prominent lawyer in this city.

Trowbridge had an accomplice, a card sharp named Winters, and together they fleeced the lawyer and Freshman out of \$900.

This did not arouse Freshman's suspicions, however. Trowbridge had plenty of money and represented that he was a large shareholder in the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company. They went together to Paris, where Trowbridge borrowed \$500 in Rome he borrowed a like amount, and Freshman began to smell a mouse. He spoke to Trowbridge about it.

"Way, I can fix that easily enough," replied the latter. "To show you that I am honest, I will cable my brokers in New York and tell them to sell 500 shares of Central stock and place the same to your credit."

Back they went to London and Trowbridge wrote the cablegram. He gave it to a messenger. Before the boy had left the hotel, however, Trowbridge collapsed him and took the message away.

Freshman knew nothing of this and Trowbridge succeeded in getting \$3,500 more out of him. Then the pair separated, Trowbridge coming to New York.

From this city he went to Saratoga and met Rollis M. Thomas.

He represented himself as a stockholder in the New York Central. He borrowed money, giving as security checks on the Leather Manufacturers' Bank. He had no account there. Together they went to Lake George, Trowbridge spending money lavishly.

Here he was introduced to a Mr. Jones, of Douglas & Jones, bankers, at 19 New street. He worked Jones in a new way. When the latter arrived in town he found a letter from Trowbridge, enclosing a check for \$200 on the Leather Manufacturers' Bank.

The latter placed the check to Trowbridge's credit, but not to do it before the 15th of October. A few days afterward Jones received another letter from Trowbridge, in which the latter asked for \$200 more.

When Trowbridge arrived in New York he was arrested on a civil process issued by Jones. He was locked up in Ludlow street jail for a time, but was finally released. Jones and Thomas have been hunting for him ever since, and yesterday Detective Valley and Evans caught him in 10 Wall street.

Trowbridge has a wife and mother living at 103 Harrison street, Brooklyn. It is said that the latter asked him to give any amount to save him from jail if he would reform his life.

He is the veritable black sheep of the family. His sister has called at the offices of both Jones and Thomas and pleaded in vain for him.

In September last Trowbridge lived in a downtown hotel under the name of Edward Tracy. With him, as his wife, lived an actress, a tall, slim, attractive woman.

His wife claimed that he was there and it is said a pretty little scene was enacted at the hotel. Tracy or Trowbridge then went back to his wife's home in Brooklyn.

At the court this morning the Rev. Dr. Albert J. Leonard of the Congregational Church of Brooklyn, where Trowbridge's folks attend, pleaded with the complainant to let up on Trowbridge. He did this to avoid the disgrace which would be inflicted upon the wife and mother by Trowbridge's arraignment in court.

His pleadings were useless, however. He will try and get bail for the imprisoned man.

A BLAZE IN BROOKLYN.

The Cooper Shop of Birkbeck's Sugar Refinery Destroyed by Fire.

Shortly before 4 o'clock this morning, William Trimble, the engineer in John Birkbeck's sugar refinery, 32 to 34 Hamilton avenue, Brooklyn, discovered flames issuing from the cooperage shop in the rear of the building.

By the time the engines arrived the shop, a one-story frame shed, and a large number of barrels which stood under it, were blazing fiercely.

After a couple of hours' hard work the flames were subdued. Several times the refinery was in imminent danger of catching fire. The total loss will not exceed \$5,000.

Meeting of the Painters' Union.

Progressive Painters' Union No. 3 will hold a mass meeting to-morrow evening at 112 East One Hundred and Tenth street, to increase the membership and advance the interests of the organization.

Arabs for Barnum.

A party of twenty odd Arabs arrived here on the steamer Penland from Antwerp this morning, in charge of Mr. O'Brien, of Barnum's Circus. The Arabs will join the show at once.

New York Markets.

WHEAT.—The market opened about steady. May was quoted 3 points off at 94½c; July, 88½c; Dec. 90c. During the morning of 3½c wheat declined to 94½c and remained about steady. At noon the quotation stood at 94½c.

COTTON.—Futures opened quiet but steady at about last night's closing quotations. March, 17½c; May, 17½c; July, 17½c; Sept., 17½c; Dec., 17½c; Jan., 17½c; Feb., 17½c. Cable quiet.

PIPER.—Piperettes opened steady at a point advance over last night's closing figure, 40½c. The market was dull, and during the morning the quotation sagged off to 39½c. Shortly before noon certificates recovered to the opening quotation.

IT WAS GERRY VS. BERGH.

THE S. P. C. C.'S PRESIDENT LED THE ATTACK UPON THE LATTER.

When Hankinson Was Discharged He Sided with Him and Got Him Reinstated—Indignant Members of the Animals' Society Threaten to Make Things Warm for the Board of Managers.

The latest developments in the unpleasantness in the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, by which Henry Bergh has been ousted from the Presidency, indicate that the fight, which was led by Commodore Elbridge T. Gerry, was a much more serious affair than was at first believed.

The members of the Society, who number over five hundred, are boiling with indignation over the action taken by the Board of Managers, for Mr. Bergh was a general favorite, and every one was satisfied with his management of the Society, and they now threaten to make things very warm for the Board.

Several of them have gone so far as to say that they will turn out the whole of the present Board and elect a new one.

Most of the members who attended the meeting last Monday night thought they had carried the day for Mr. Bergh, for several motions made by Mr. Gerry were voted down, and they were amazed when they heard that the President had resigned.

As Mr. Bergh said yesterday, however, he resigned in the interest of harmony, and in the hope of preventing any dimensions in the management of the Society.

There they of the Society on the Bergh side say that the chief cause of the difficulty was Hankinson, the Superintendent, who is a protégé of Mr. Gerry, like Supt. Jenkins, of the S. P. C. C. Hankinson had been \$70 by Mr. Bergh for going into gun mills with his uniform on, and taking drinks with his subordinates. This offense had been frequently repeated, and the fine had only been paid after Hankinson had been warned that he must stop it.

Hankinson, they claim, was insolent, and several times when Mr. Bergh found fault with him, he took off his shield and offered to give it up. Mr. Bergh finally accepted it. He then went to Mr. Gerry, who had him reinstated. Mr. Bergh acquiescing in the action of the Executive Committee.

In the meeting Monday night Mr. Gerry made a bitter attack on Mr. Bergh, charging him with bullying his inferiors, of committing illegal and unlawful acts and of resorting to underhand means of securing support for himself in the annual meeting.

Mr. Bergh became very indignant at those charges and surprised all his friends by the warmth of his retort.

P. T. Barnum, who was one of the members present, interfered, and by pouring oil upon the troubled waters, prevented the "members" from taking up in a row.

"The members think that Mr. Gerry has all he can attend to in looking after the S. P. C. C., and they object very strongly to his getting their Society into his grip too."

MRS. GARRISON'S PARLORS WRECKED.

Fire Rained \$30,000 Worth of Her Fine Pictures and Bric-a-Brac.

The two large and handsome parlors of Mrs. Mary E. Garrison, widow of the late Commodore William R. Garrison, at 618 Fifth avenue, are a wreck this morning as the result of a fire which happened while Mrs. Garrison was at a reception last night.

Several paintings, one a portrait of the Commodore, much bric-a-brac and costly lace and embroidered curtains, articles of furniture, &c., were totally destroyed.

The cause of the fire is attributed to a servant who set a portiere in a blaze while lighting the gas.

Mrs. Garrison could give no definite information as to the amount of the damage, but an estimate places it at \$30,000. The building is a four-story and basement, brownstone front, and is damaged but little on the parlor floor.

KRZYWOSZYNSKI IN TROUBLE.

His Wife Deserts Him for Jewishness, and He Wants a Divorce.

There is domestic trouble between the Krzywoszymskis.

John Krzywoszymski lived at 13½ Rivington street with his wife Amalia. A nineteen-year-old young man, named John Jewishness, lived in the same house, and to this youth Amalia transferred her affections.

After fifteen years of wedded life John Krz. and the rest of it was still enough in love with his wife to try to get her to return. She would not, and he could not find the means to tell him that the other fellow's name was easier to pronounce than his.

The lawyers have undertaken the case with fear and trembling, it is so much like lower-class domesticity.

Certainly the parties are men of letters nominally.

New Hampshire's "No" to Prohibition.

CONCORD, N. H., March 14.—Returns from 206 cities and towns give the vote on the Prohibition amendment as follows: Yes, 23,782; No, 20,182. The remaining twenty-eight cities and towns have not yet returned.

terially reduce the present majority of 5,400 against the amendment.

Fair and Cold.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—For Eastern New York—Fair, colder, northerly winds.

PAID.—Indicated by Birkley's thermometer.

1889. 1888. B.A. 48 10 B.A. 48 10 B.A. 48 10 B.A. 48 10

Average for corresponding time last year, 17.8 degrees.

FAMILIAR SYMPTOMS.

Add Stomach, or Four Stomach, is one of the very common annoyances that trouble with it is discomfort, but it is not enough to be aware of the eruptions of the breath arising speedily corrected by dispels bad taste in the mouth, too common to many.

Burning pain at the pit of stomach that feels as though a process of boiling oppression and uneasiness, many who do not know the cause of the eruptions of the breath arising speedily corrected by dispels bad taste in the mouth, too common to many.

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